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SOIL SURVEY INTERPRETATIONS FOR WOODLANDS

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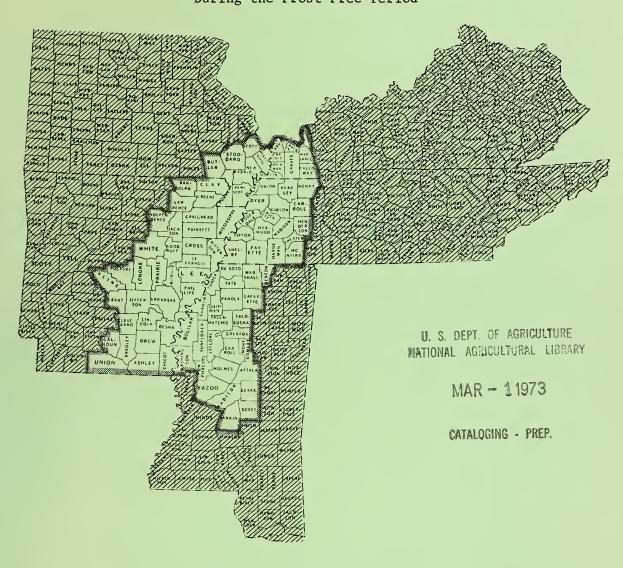
SOUTHERN MISSISSIPPI VALLEY SILTY UPLANDS

OF

ARKANSAS, KENTUCKY, MISSISSIPPI, MISSOURI, AND TENNESSEE

With Average Rainfall of 25 to 30 Inches

During the Frost-Free Period



PROGRESS REPORT W-4 - - - OCTOBER 1968

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Soil Conservation Service Fort Worth, Texas



This report contains interpretations of soil surveys for woodland use and management in the Southern Mississippi valley silty uplands in Arkansas, Kentucky, Mississippi, Missouri, and Tennessee, with mean precipitation of 25-30 inches during the frost-free period. The purpose is to provide currently available knowledge about soils as they relate to the establishment, growth, management, and harvesting of wood crops for the use of foresters, agricultural workers, woodland owners, and woodland managers. The information will be used by the Soil Conservation Service and cooperating agencies in the development of technical guides, soil handbooks, and published soil survey reports.

Field information was gathered by teams of foresters and soil scientists. Representatives of Federal and State agencies, the wood-using industry, and others cooperated in gathering field data. Information obtained from soil-woodland studies was recorded by soil taxonomic units. Much of the site index and species suitability information for hardwoods was provided by the U. S. Forest Service Southern Hardwood Laboratory of the Southern Forest Experiment Station. The interpretations presented herein are made for use with soil surveys.

Table 2, SOIL RATINGS FOR WOODLAND USE, contains some evaluations for individual soil units. The soil series listed are those defined according to the current soil classification system. In column one (1) the soil units were consolidated within a soil series where it was determined there were no differences in productivity, species suitability, or management problems.

Column two (2) includes a list of most of the commercially important tree species which are adapted to the soil in column one. These are the

tree species which woodland managers generally favor in intermediate or improvement cuttings, after considering the form and vigor of individual trees. Priority between species will be influenced by local marketability and the owner's objectives, as well as by growth rates, values, and the quality of wood products from a given species.

Column three (3) indicates the <u>average site index</u> for the most important species listed in column two (2). The standard deviation is shown as a plus or minus figure (†) for each species where five or more plots were taken on the soils listed in column one. The site index curves used for each tree species are shown in <u>Table 1</u>, GUIDE FOR WOODLAND SUITABILITY CLASSES. An asterisk (*) following a site index rating indicates the rating is an estimate based on the same species on a similar soil, or by comparison with another species on the same soil. Site index is the average height of dominant trees at age 30 for cottonwood, age 35 for sycamore, and age 50 for all other species.

Column four (4) indicates the range of site index of the most important tree species in column two. The range in site index values is dependent on soil physical conditions, aeration, and nutrient and moisture availability during the growing season.

Column five (5) evaluates the potential erosion hazard of the soil in woodland use following cutting operations, or where the soil is exposed along roads, trails, firebreaks, or log-yarding areas. A rating of slight indicates that problems of erosion control are unimportant. A rating of moderate indicates some attention must be given to prevent unnecessary soil erosion. A rating of severe indicates that intensive treatments, or special equipment and methods of operation should be planned to minimize soil erosion. The potential erosion hazard is based on slope, soil depth,

and erodibility, and soil loss tolerance.

Column six (6) includes evaluation of equipment restrictions. Ratings reflect limitations in the use of equipment for managing or harvesting the tree crop. A rating of slight indicates equipment use is seldom limited in kind or time of year. A rating of moderate indicates a need for modified equipment or seasonal restrictions due to slope, obstructions, soil wetness, flooding, or overflows. A rating of severe indicates the need for specialized equipment due to one or more of the factors listed above.

Column seven (7) indicates the degree of expected seedling mortality during the first two growing seasons after trees are planted or direct seeded. Normal rainfall, adequate site preparation, good planting stock, proper planting methods, and appropriate protection and cultivation are assumed. A rating of slight indicates that unsatisfactory survival on less than 25 percent of the area is likely. A rating of moderate indicates that unsatisfactory survival is likely on 25 to 50 percent of the area planted. A rating of severe indicates that unsatisfactory survival is likely on more than 50 percent of the area.

Column eight (8) lists several <u>suitable tree species for planting</u> on the soil named in column one. The list may include some species which do not normally occur in native stands on the designated soil or in this resource area, as well as some of the important species listed in column two.

Column nine (9) shows the ordination of the soils into a woodland suitability group. A woodland suitability group is made up of kinds of soil that are capable of producing similar kinds of wood crops, that need similar management to produce these crops, and that have about the same potential productivity. The ordination system and the suitability group

symbols are explained in the following paragraphs.

The first element of the group symbol indicates the woodland suitability class. It expresses site quality by an arabic numeral ranging from 1 to 5, with class 1 the highest in potential productivity, followed by class 2, 3, 4, and 5. It is based on the average site index of one or more indicator forest types or tree species, as shown in Table 1, GUIDE FOR WOODLAND SUIT-ABILITY CLASSES. The indicator species are underscored in column two (2) of Table 2.

The second element in the symbol indicates the suitability subclass.

It expresses selected soil properties that cause moderate to severe hazards or limitations in woodland use or management, by one of the following lower case arabic letters:

<u>Subclass w (excessive wetness)</u>. Soils in which excessive water, either seasonally or year long, causes significant limitations for woodland use or management. These soils have restricted drainage, high water tables, or overflow hazards which adversely affect either stand development or management.

<u>Subclass c (clayey soils)</u>. Soils having restrictions or limitations for woodland use or management due to the kind or amount of clay in the upper portion of the soil profile.

<u>Subclass s (sandy soils)</u>. Sandy soils with little or no textural B horizons and having moderate to severe restrictions or limitations for woodland use or management. These soils impose equipment limitations, have low moisture-holding capacity, and normally are low in available plant nutrients.

<u>Subclass r (relief or slope steepness)</u>. Soils with restrictions or limitations for woodland use or management due only to steepness of slope.

Subclass o (slight or no limitations). Soils with no significant restrictions or limitations for woodland use or management.

Some kinds of soil may have more than one set of subclass characteristics.

Priority in placing each kind of soil into a subclass is in the order that
the subclass characteristics are listed above.

The third element in the symbol indicates the degree of hazards or limitations, and the general suitability of the soils for certain kinds of trees. The three management problems considered here are: (1) erosion hazard, (2) equipment restrictions, and (3) seedling mortality.

The <u>numeral 1</u> indicates soils with no to slight management problems, and they are best suited for needleleaf trees.

The <u>numeral 2</u> indicates soils with one or more moderate management problems, and they are best suited for needleleaf trees.

The <u>numeral 3</u> indicates soils with one or more severe management problems, and they are best suited for needleleaf trees.

The <u>numeral 4</u> indicates soils with no to slight management problems, and they are best suited for broadleaf trees.

The numeral 5 indicates soils with one or more moderate management problems, and they are best suited for broadleaf trees.

The <u>numeral 6</u> indicates soils with one or more severe management problems, and they are best suited for broadleaf trees.

The <u>numeral 7</u> indicates soils with no to slight management problems, and they are suitable for either needleleaf or broadleaf trees.

The <u>numeral 8</u> indicates soils with one or more moderate management problems, and they are suitable for either needleleaf or broadleaf trees.

The <u>numeral 9</u> indicates soils with one or more severe management problems, and they are suitable for either needleleaf or broadleaf trees

The <u>numeral 0</u> indicates the soils are not suitable for the production of major commercial wood products.

TABLE 1 - GUIDE FOR WOODLAND SUITABILITY CLASSES
SOUTHERN MISSISSIPPI VALLEY-SILTY UPLANDS (134)

	:	1	:	2	:	3	:	4	:	5
Indicator For	est :	Very	:	High	: _M	oderate	1y:		:	Low
Type or Specie	es :	High	:	J	:	High	:	Moderat	e:	
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		:		_ :		<u>:</u>	
	:			Si	te	Index	Rang	<u>e</u>		
	:		:		:		:		:	
Cottonwood	(1):	106+	:	9 6- 105	:	86-95	:	76-85	:	75 -
Yellow-poplar	(2):	106+	:	96-105	:	86-95	:	76-85	:	75 -
Sweetgum	(3):	96+	:	86 - 95	:	76-85	:	66-75	:	65 -
Water oaks	(4):	96+	:	86-95	:	76-85	:	66-75	:	65 -
Loblolly pine	(5):	96+	:	86-95	:	76-85	:	66-75	:	65 -
Slash pine	(6):	96+	:	86-95	:	76-85	:	66-75	:	65 -
Shortleaf pine	(5):	86+	:	76-85	:	66-75	:	56-65	:	55 -
Longleaf pine	(6):	86+	:	76-85	:	66-75	:	56 - 65	:	55 -
Soured oak	(7):	86+	:	76-85	:	66-75	:	56-65	:	55 -
Nuttall oak	(8):	96+	:	86-95	:	76-85	:	66-75	:	65 -
	:		:		:		:		:	

- (1) Broadfoot, W. M., 1960, Field Guide for Evaluating Cottonwood Sites, USFS Occ. Paper 178 (Fig.4).
- (2) Doolittle, W. T., 1957, Site Index Curves for Yellow-poplar-Sou.

 Appalachians.
- (3) Broadfoot, W. M., 1959, Guide for Evaluating Sweetgum Sites, USFS Occ. Paper 176 (Fig. 4).
- (4) Broadfoot, W. M., 1963, Guide for Evaluating Water Oak Sites in the Mid-south, USFS Res. Paper SO-1 (Fig. 4).
- (5) Coile, T. S. and F. X. Schumacher, Jour. For. 55:432-435 (Fig. 4).
- (6) U. S. Forest Service, 1929, Volume, Yield and Stand Tables for Second Growth Southern Pines, USDA Misc. Publ. 50 (Fig. 2,3,4).
- (7) Schnur, L. G., 1937, Yield, Stand and Volume Tables for Even-aged Upland Oak Forests, USDA Techn. Bull. 560, Fig. 2 (MLRA 116, 117, 118, 119), and Olson, D. G., 1959, Site Curves for Upland Oaks in Sou. Appalachians, SE For. Expmt. Sta. Res. Note 125 (MLRA 122, 123, 125, 128, 129, 130, 136).
- (8) Broadfoot, W. M., Unpublished manuscript, Sou. For. Expmt. Sta., 1966.

TABLE 2 . SOIL RATINGS FOR WOODLAND USE

Page 1 of 7.

	Potential Pr	oductivity		Mana	gement Pro	blems	Species	Ordinatio
Soils	Tree Species	Avg. Site Index & Standard Deviation	Range of Site Index	Erosion Hazard	Equip- ment Restric- tion	Seedling Mortal- ity	Suitability for Planting	Woodland Suitabil- ity Group
(1) Adler silt loam 0-2% slopes	(2) Ash, green Cottonwood, eastern Elms, American and slippery Hackberry and sugarberry Honeylocust Maple, red Oak, cherrybark Oak, Nuttall Oak, water Oak, willow Pecan Walnut, black	(3) 90* 112 114 100* 95	(4) 105-68 127-92 121-99 105-80 102-80	(5) Slight	(6) Slight	(7) Slight	(8) Ash, green Cottonwood, eastern Oak, cherrybark Oak, Nuttall	(9) 104
Adler silt loam 0-2% slopes frequently flooded				Slight	Moderate	Moderate		1 ₩5
Arkabutla silt loam, loam, silty clay loam, J-2% slopes	Ash, green Baldcypress Cottonwood, eastern Elms, American and slippery Hackberry Honeylocust Maple, red Oak, cherrybark Oak, Laurel Oak, Nuttall Oak, overcup Oak, water Oak, willow Persimmon, common Pine, loblolly Sweetgum	93±5 108±11 99±8 107±8 97±8 99±7 93× 98±7	105-71 118-88 104-87 114-95 104-85 103-89 86-100 105-86	Slight	Moderate	Slight	Ash, green Cottonwood, eastern Oak, cherrybark Oak, Nuttall Oak, Shumard Oak, swamp chestnut Oak, water Oak, willow Pine, loblolly Sweetgum Sycamore, American Yellow-poplar	1w8
arkabutla ilt loam, loam, ilty clay loam, 1-2% slopes, requently looded				Slight	Seve r e	Moderate		1w9
Atwood Silt loam, 1-8% slopes	Hickories(exc.water) Oak, cherrybark Oak, Shumard Oak, white Pine, loblolly Sweetgum	90* 86* 85*	93-80 95-75	Slight	Slight	Slight	Oak, cherrybark 1/Oak, Shumard 1/Pine, loblolly Sweetgum 1/Yellow-poplar 1/	207
sude silt loam, 0-5% slopes	Oak, cherrybark Oak, water Oak, white Oak, willow Pine, loblolly Sweetgum	88 86 88*	90-75 93-80 95-80	Slight	Moderate	Slight	Oak, cherrybark Oak, Shumard Pine, loblolly Sweetgum Yellow-poplar	2w8

 $[\]underline{1}/$ Plant hardwoods only on uneroded sites.

TABLE 2 . SOIL RATINGS FOR WOODLAND USE

Page <u>2</u> of 7.

	Potential Pr	oductivity	7	Mana	gement Pro	blems	Species	Ordination
Soils	Tree Species	Avg. Site Index & Standard Deviation	Range of Site Index	Erosion Hazard	Equip- ment Restric- tion	Seedling Mortal- ity	Suitability for Planting	Woodland Suitabil- ity Group
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Calhoun silt loam, 0-2% slopes	Oak, cherrybark Oak, southern red Oaks, upland Oak, water Oak, white Pine, loblolly Sweetgum	80*	85-76	Slight	Severe	Moderate (Severe in de- pressions	Oak, cherrybark Pine, loblolly Sweetgum	3w9 <u>.</u>
Calloway silt loam, 0-2% slopes	Ash, green or white Oak, cherrybark Oak, Nuttall Oak, Shumard Oak, southern red Oak, swamp chestnut Oak, water Oak, willow Pine, loblolly Pine, shortleaf Sweetgum Sycamore, American Tupelo, black Yellow-poplar	68 78 80* 82 80* 90 85 86	80-50 83-63 87-65 89-67 84-67 96-82 90-78 93-71	Slight	Moderate	Slight	Ash, green or white Oak, cherrybark Oak, Nuttall Oak, Shumard Oak, water Oak, willow Sweetgum Yellow-poplar	2w8
Collins silt loam, 0-2% slopes	Ash, green & white Basswood, American Cherry, black Cottonwood, eastern Elms, American and slippery Hackberry and sugarberry Hickories(exc.waten) Magnolia, southern Maple, red Oak, cherrybark Oak, Nuttall Oak, southern red Oak, water Oak, white Oak, willow Persimmon, common Pine, loblolly Pine, shortleaf Sassafras Sweetgum Tupelo, black Walnut, black Yellow-poplar	96 120 112±6 114 104±7 104 93 80 102±8	103-74 130-100 119-100 116-102 111-92 108-94 100-87 85-76 111-90		Slight	Slight	Ash, green Cottonwood, eastern Oak, cherrybark Oak, Nuttall Oak, Shumard Oak, swamp chestnut Oak, water Oak, willow Pine, loblolly Sweetgum Sycamore, American Yellow-poplar	
Collins silt loam, 0-2% slopes frequently flooded				Slight	Moderate	Moderate		1w8
Dexter loam, silt loam, fine sandy loam 0-17% slopes	Oak, southern red Oak, water Oak, white Pine, loblolly Sweetgum	92* 90* 90 92*	105-80 95-75 96-85 105-80	Slight	Slight	Slight	Oak, cherrybark Oak, Shumard Oak, swamp chestnut Oak, water Pine, loblolly Sweetgum Yellow-poplar	207

TABLE 2 . SOIL RATINGS FOR WOODLAND USE Page 3 of 7.

	Potential Pr	oductivity	7	Manag	gement Pro	blems	Species	Ordinatio
Soils	Tree Species	Avg. Site Index & Standard Deviation	Range of Site Index	Erosion Hazard	Equip- ment Restric- tion	Seedling Mortal- ity	Suitability for Planting	Woodland Suitabil- ity Group
(1) Dexter (continue	(2) 1) Sycamore, American Tupelo, black Walnut, black	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
exter oam, silt loam, ine sandy loam, 7-45% slopes				Moderate	Moderate	Slight		2r8
Falaya silt loam O-2% slopes	Ash, green Baldcypress Cottonwood, eastern Elms, American and slippery Hackberry and sugar- berry Hickories(exc.water) Magnolia, southern Maple, red Oak, cherrybark Oak, Nuttall Oak, overcup Oak, Shumard Oak, Shumard Oak, water Oak, willow Persimmon, common Pine, loblolly Pine, shortleaf Sweetgum	92 <u>+</u> 6 110 102 <u>+</u> 7 102 <u>+</u> 4 99 <u>+</u> 7 96 <u>+</u> 11 87	104-70 120-90 109-90 111-97 109-90 103-84 107-85 93-80	Slight	Moderate	Slight	Ash, green Cottonwood, eastern Oak, cherrybark Oak, Nuttall Oak, Shumard Oak, Swamp chestnut Oak, water Oak, willow Sweetgum Sycamore, American Yellow-poplar	
Calaya Filt loam, 1-2% slopes Frequently Clooded				S li ght	Severe	Moderate		1w9
Calkner Filt loam, 1-8% slopes	Oak, cherrybark Oak, swamp chestnut Oak, water Oak, white Pine, loblolly Pine, shortleaf Sweetgum Sycamore, American Yellow-poplar	90* 80* 86 <u>+</u> 5 76 88	90-70 92-80 82-70 95-80	Slight	Moderate	Slight	Oak, cherrybark Oak, Shumard Oak, water Pine, loblolly Pine, shortleaf Sweetgum	2w8
rost ilt loam, -2% slopes	Oak, cherrybark Oak, southern red Oak, water Pine, loblolly Sweetgum Yellow-poplar	80*	85-76	Slight	Severe	Moderate (Severe in de- pressions)	Oak, cherrybark Pine, loblolly Sweetgum	3w9
renad <u>a</u> ilt loam, -17% slopes	Oak, cherrybark Oak, southern red Oak, swamp chestnut Oak, water Oak, white Pine, loblolly Pine, shortleaf Sweetgum Yellow-poplar	85 80 <u>+</u> 9 80 84 77 78	90-70 90-70 85-65 94-80 85-70 85-70	Slight	Slight	Slight	Oak, cherrybark 1/ Oak, Shumard 1/ Oak, southern red 1/ Oak, water 1/ Oak, white 1/ Pine, lobloTly Pine, shortleaf Sweetgum 1/	307

TABLE 2 . SOIL RATINGS FOR WOODLAND USE

Page <u>4</u> of 7.

	Potential Pr	oductivity	/	Mana	gement Pro	blems	Species	Ordinatio
Soi1s	Tree Species	Avg. Site Index & Standard Deviation	Range of Site Index	Erosion Hazard	Equip- ment Restric- tion	Seedling Mortal~ ity	Suitability for Planting	Woodland Suitabil~ ity Group
(1) Henry silt loam, 0-2% slopes	(2) Oak, cherrybark Oak, Nuttall Oak, southern red Oak, swamp chestnut Oak, water Oak, white Oak, willow Pine, loblolly Pine, shortleaf Sweetgum Tupelo, black Yellow-poplar	79±5 72 76±2 74±7 83±9 80 76±6	85-70 80-65 83-65 80-65 93-78 86-75 83-65	(5) Slight	(6) Severe	(7) Severe	(8) Oak, Shumard Oak, water Pine, loblolly Sweetgum	(9) 3w9
Lax silt loam, 0-17% slopes	Oak, cherrybark Oak, swamp chestnut Oak, water Oak, white Pine, loblolly Sweetgum Sycamore, American	83* 78* 84* 83*	90-75 85~70 90-78 90-75	Slight	Slight	S1ight	Oak, cherrybark 1/ Oak, Shumard 1/ Oak, water 1/ Pine, lobloIly Sweetgum 1/ Yellow-poplar 1/	307
Lexington silt loam, 0-17% slopes	Cherry, black Hickories(exc.water) Oak, cherrybark Oak, southern red Oak, water Oak, white Oak, willow Pine, loblolly Pine, shortleaf Sweetgum Sycamore, American Tupelo, black Yellow-poplar Walnut, black	80 80 80 70 89	95~75 85~70 86~75 76~65 95~75	Slight	Slight	Slight	Oak, cherrybark Oak, Shumard Oak, swamp chestnut Oak, water Pine, loblolly Pine, shortleaf Sweetgum Yellow-poplar	307
Loring silt loam, 0-17% slopes	Hickories(exc.water) Magnolia, southern Oak, cherrybark Oak, Shumard Oak, southern red Oak, water Oak, white Pine, loblolly Pine, shortleaf Sweetgum Tupelo, black Yellow-poplar	86 74±8 82 63±9 85 65 90	95-71 83-65 89-67 73-54 92-81 76-60 99-80	Slight	Slight	Slight	Ash, green Oak, cherrybark Oak, Shumard Oak, southern red Oak, swamp chestnut Oak, water Oak, white Pine, loblolly Pine, shortleaf Sweetgum Sycamore, American Yellow-poplar	307
Memphi <u>s</u> silt loam, D-17% slopes	Oak, cherrybark Oak, Shumard Oak, southern red Oak, swamp chestnut Oak, white Oak, willow Pine, loblolly Pine, shortleaf Sweetgum Tupelo, black Walnut, black Yellow-poplar	100 84 80±6 90 70±6 90 87 75 90 87 103±10	105-90 90-75 88-74 95-75 78-62 95-75 94-82 80-70 100-80 95-80 115-90	Slight	Slight	Slight	Oak, cherrybark Oak, Shumard Oak, southern red Oak, water Oak, white Oak, willow Pine, loblolly Pine, shortleaf Sweetgum Walnut, black Yellow-poplar	207

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TABLE 2 . SOIL RATINGS FOR WOODLAND USE

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	Potential Pr	oductivity	7	Mana	gement Pro	blems	Species	Ordinatio
Soils	Tree Species	Avg. Site Index & Standard Deviation	of Site Index	Erosion Hazard	Equip- ment Restric- tion	Seedling Mortal- ity	Suitability for Planting	Woodland Suitabil- ity Group
(1) Memphis silt loam, 17-45% slopes	Ash, green or white Basswood, American Cherry, black Hickories(exc.water) Magnolia, southern Oak, Shumard Oak, southern red Oak, water Oak, willow Persimmon, common Pine, loblolly Sassafras Sweetgum Tupelo, black Walnut, black Yellow-poplar	(3) 87 100 100 90* 105	(4) 97-60 105-90 105-90 96-85 110-90	(5) Slight	(6) Moderate	(7) Slight	(8) Ash, green or white Cottonwood, easter Oak, cherrybark 1/ Oak, Shumard 1/ Oak, swamp chestnut Oak, water 1/ Oak, willow 1/ Pine, loblolly Sweetgum 1/ Sycamore, American Yellow-poplar	1/
Morganfield silt loam, 0-2% slopes	Ash, green Cottonwood, eastern Elms, American and slippery Hackberry and sugar- berry Oak, cherrybark Oak, Nuttall Oak, water Pecan Sweetgum Walnut, black	90* 115* 110*	100-75 125-95	S li ght	Slight	Slight	Ash, green Cottonwood, eastern Sweetgum Sycamore, American	104
Natchez silt loam, 0-17% slopes	Oak, cherrybark Oak, Shumard Oak, white Pine, loblolly	73* 90	96-85	Slight	Slight	Slight	Oak, cherrybark 1/Oak, Shumard 1/Oak, white 1/Pine, loblo11y	207
Natchez silt loam, 17-45% slopes	Basswood, American Cottonwood, eastern Magnolia, southern Oak, cherrybark Oak, water Pine, loblolly Sassafras Sweetgum	108* 90* 105*	115-100 96-85 110-100	Moderate	Moderate	Slight	Ash, green or white Cottonwood, easterf Pine, loblolly Sweetgum 1/Sycamore, American	
Olivier silt Toam, 0-5% slopes	Oak, cherrybark Oak, Nuttall Oak, water Oak, white Oak, willow Pine, loblolly Sweetgum Yellow-poplar	93* 96* 81* 73* 90* 86*	95-78 98-81 88-66 80-65 95-86 93-71	S1ight	Moderate	Slight	Oak, cherrybark Oak, Nuttall Oak, Shumard Oak, swamp chestnut Oak, water Oak, willow Pine, loblolly Sweetgum	2w8
<u>Paden</u> silt loam, 0-5% slopes	Oak, cherrybark Oak, southern red Oak, swamp chestnut Oak, water Oak, white Pine, lobiolly Pine, shortleaf Sweetgum Yellow-poplar	78 <u>+</u> 6 70	85-73 78-65	Slight	Slight	Slight	Oak, cherrybark Oak, Shumard Oak, southern red Oak, water Oak, white Pine, loblolly Pine, shortleaf Sweetgum	307

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TABLE 2 . SOIL RATINGS FOR WOODLAND USE

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	Potential Pr	oductivity	,	Mana	gement Pro	blems	Species	Ordination
Soi1s	Tree Species	Avg. Site Index & Standard Deviation	Kange	Erosion Hazard	Equip- ment Restric- tion	Seedling Mortal- ity	Suitability for Planting	Woodland Suitabil- ity Group
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Providence silt loam, 0-17% slopes	Oak, cherrybark Oak, Shumard Oak, swamp chestnut Oak, water Oak, white Pine, loblolly Pine, shortleaf Sweetgum Sycamore, American	95* 84±10 64±7 90	95-73 73-58 100-80	Slight	Slight	S li ght	Oak, cherrybark 1/Oak, Shumard 1/Pine, 1ob1o11yPine, shortleafSweetgum 1/Yellow-poplar 1/	307
Rosebloom silt loam, 0-5% slopes	Ash, green Baldcypress Cottonwood, eastern Elm, American Hackberry Hickory, water Honeylocust Magnolia, southern Maple, red Oak, cherrybark Oak, Nuttall Oak, overcup Oak, Shumard Oak, water Oak, white Oak, willow Persimmon, common Pine, loblolly Pine, shortleaf Sweetgum	90±6 100* 87 95* 99 80 86 74 89±10	102-75 110-85 92-80 102-88 101-92 84-73 92-80 80-68 96-82	Slight	Severe	Moderate	Ash, green Cottonwood, easterr Oak, cherrybark Oak, Nuttall Oak, swamp chestnut Oak, water Oak, willow Pine, loblolly Sweetgum Sycamore, American Tupelo, water	
Routon silt loam, 0-5% slopes	Ash, green or white Elms, American and slipperty Hackberry Honeylocust Oak, cherrybark Oak, Shumard Oak, water Oak, white Oak, willow Sweetgum Yellow-poplar	90* 110 90* 105*	100-80 112-98 100-80 110-100	Slight	Severe	Moderate to Severe	Ash, green or white Oak, cherrybark Oak, Nuttall Sweetgum Sycamore, American	1w6
Tippah silt loam, 0-17% slopes	Basswood, American Oak, cherrybark Oak, water Oak, white Pine, loblolly Pine, shortleaf Sweetgum Sycamore, American	90* 80* 78* 63 <u>+</u> 7 90*	100-80 90-70 85-70 71-55 100-80	S li ght	Slight	Slight	Oak, cherrybark Oak, Shumard Oak, swamp chestnut Oak, water Pine, loblolly Pine, shortleaf Sweetgum Yellow-poplar	307
Tippo silt loam 0-2% slopes	Ash, green or white Oak, cherrybark Oak, swamp chestnut Oak, white Sweetgum Yellow-poplar	58 80* 91	70-50 90-70 93-71	S li ght	Moderate	S li ght	Ash, green or white Oak, cherrybark Oak, Shumard Sweetgum	2w8

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TABLE ____2 . SOIL RATINGS FOR WOODLAND USE

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	Potential Pr	,		Mana	gement Pro	blems	Oper-co	Ordination Woodland
Soils	Tree Species	Avg. Site Index & Standard Deviation	Range of Site Index	Erosion Hazard	ment Restric- tion	Seedling Mortal- ity		Suitabil- ity Group
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Vicksburg silt loam, 0-5% slopes	Ash, green Basswood, American Cherry, black Cottonwood, eastern Hackberry and sugar- berry Hickories(exc.water) Magnolia, southern Maple, red Oak, cherrybark Oak, Nuttall Oak, southern red Oak, water Oak, white Oak, willow Pine, loblolly Pine, shortleaf Sassafras Sweetgum Tupelo, black Walnut, black Yellow-poplar	90* 105* 100* 95* 95* 100* 89 75	102-68 120-85 107-88 102-83 102-83 104-90 100-85 85-70 107-86	Slight	Slight	S1ight	Ash, green Cottonwood, eastern Oak, cherrybark Oak, Nuttall Oak, Shumard Oak, swamp chestnut Oak, water Oak, willow Pine, loblolly Sweetgum Sycamore, American Yellow-poplar	
Waverly silt loam, 0-2% slopes	Ash, green Cottonwood, eastern Elms, American and slippery Hackberry and sugar- berry Honeylocust Magnolia, southern Maple, red Oak, cherrybark Oak, Nuttall Oak, overcup Oak, Shumard Oak, water Oak, white Oak, willow Persimmon, common Pine, loblolly Sweetgum Yellow-poplar	89 105* 90 111 93 <u>+</u> 4 93 <u>+</u> 4 90 100 <u>+</u> 2	101-74 110-90 97-81 113-102 100-86 104-90 96-86 107-86	Slight	Severe	Severe	Ash, green Baldcypress Cottonwood, eastern Oak, cherrybark Oak, Nuttall Oak, swamp chestnut Oak, willow Pine, loblolly Sweetgum Sycamore, American Tupelo, water	
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Table 3, SOIL GROUPINGS ACCORDING TO WOODLAND SUITABILITY, is a summary of the most important interpretations for woodland suitability group of soils.

<u>Column one</u> (1) includes the suitability group symbol and a brief description of the group of soils, including their important hazards and limitations for woodland use and management.

<u>Column two</u> (2) is a tabulation of the soils within each woodland suitability group.

<u>Column three</u> (3) is a list of some commercially-important tree species which occur on the soils in each suitability group.

<u>Column four</u> (4) shows the site class (site index rounded off to the nearest 10-foot interval) for the most important tree species listed in column three.

<u>Column five</u> (5) lists some of the most important tree species which are suitable for planting on the soils in each suitability group.

		Productivity		Species
Woodland Suitability Group (Symbol and Description)	Soils	Tree Species	Site	Suitability
(1)	(2)	(3)	Class (4)	for Planting (5)
lo4 Soils with very high potential productivity; no serious management problems; best suited for southern hardwoods.	Adler silt loam; 0-2% slopes Morganfield silt loam; 0-2% slopes	Ash, green Cottonwood, eastern Elms, American and slippery Hackberry and sugarberry Oak, cherrybark Oak, Nuttall Oak, water Pecan Sweetgum Walnut, black	90 110 - 110 100 100 - 110	Ash, green Cottonwood, easter Oak, cherrybark Oak, Nuttall Sweetgum Sycamore, American
lo7 Soils with very high potential productivity; no serious management problems; suitable for southern hard- woods or pines.	Collins silt loam; 0-2% slopes Vicksburg silt loam, 0-2% slopes	Ash, green Basswood, American Cherry, black Cottonwood, eastern Hackberry and sugarberry Hickories (except water) Magnolia, southern Maple, red Oak, cherrybark Oak, Nuttall Oak, southern red Oak, water Oak, willow Pine, loblolly Pine, shortleaf Sassafras Sweetgum Tupelo, black Walnut, black Yellow-poplar	90 110 100 100 90 80 100	Ash, green Cottonwood, easter Oak, cherrybark Oak, Nuttall Oak, Shumard Oak, swamp chestnu Oak, water Oak, willow Sweetgum Sycamore, American Yellow-poplar Pine, loblolly
lw5 Seasonally wet soils with very high potential productivity; moderate equipment limitations and slight to moderate seedling mortality; best suited for southern hardwoods.	Adler silt loam; 0-2%slopes Routon silt loam, 0-5%	Ash, green Cottonwood Elms Hackberry Maple, red Oak, cherrybark Oak, Nuttall Oak, water Oak, willow Pecan Walnut, black Ash, green	90 110 - - 110 100 90 - - -	Ash, green Cottonwood Oak, cherrybark Oak, Nuttall
with very high potential productivity; severe equipment limitations and moderate to severe seedling mortality; best suited for water-tolerant hardwoods.	slopes	Elms Hackberry Oak, cherrybark Oak, Shumard Oak, water Oak, willow Oak, white Sweetgum Yellow-poplar	110 - 90 90 - 100	Oak, cherrybark Oak, Nuttall Sweetgum Sycamore

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TABLE 3 . SOIL GROUPINGS ACCORDING TO WOODLAND SUITABILITY Page 2 of 3

Woodland Suitability Group	Soils	Productivity Tree Species	Site	Species Suitability
(Symbol and Description)		(3)	Class (4)	for Planting (5)
(1) w8 Seasonally wet soils with very high potential pro- activity; moderate equipment imitations and slight to mod- rate seedling mortality; altable for southern hardwoods and pines. (2) Arkabutla silt loam to si clay loam; 0-2% slopes Collins silt loam; 0-2% slopes, flooded Falaya silt loam; 0-2% slopes. Slopes Slopes			90 - - 110 - - - 110 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100	Ash, green Cottonwood, eastern Oak, cherrybark Oak, Nuttall Oak, Shumard Oak, swamp chestnut Oak, water Oak, willow Pine, loblolly Sweetgum Sycamore, American Yellow-poplar
with very high potential productivity; severe equipment limitations and moderate to severe seedling mortality; suitable for water-tolerant hardwoods and pines	Arkabutla silt loam; 0-2% slopes; frequently flooded Falaya silt loam; 0-2% slopes; frequently flooded	Ash, green Baldcypress Elms Hackberry Cottonwood Maple, red Oak, Nuttall Oak, water Oak, willow Oak, overcup Pine, loblolly Sweetgum	90 - - - 110 - 100 100 - - - 90-100	Ash, green Cottonwood Oak, Nuttall Sweetgum Sycamore
207 Loamy soils with high potential productivity; no serious management problems; suitable for southern hardwoods and pines	Atwood silt loam; 0-8% slopes Dexter fine sandy loam to loam; 0-17% slopes Memphis silt loam 0-17% slopes Natchez silt loam; 0-17% slopes	Basswood, American Cherry, black Oak, cherrybark Oak, southern red Oak, water Oak, white Pine, loblolly Pine, shortleaf Sweetgum Sycamore, American Tupelo, black Walnut, black	- - 90 - 90 - 90 80 90 - -	Oak, cherrybark ½/ Pine, loblolly Sweetgum ½/ Yellow-poplar ½/
2r8 Loamy soils with high potential productivity; moderate equipment limitations and erosion hazard associated with slope steepness; suitable for southern hardwoods or pines	Dexter fine sandy loam to Toam, 17-45% slopes Memphis silt loam, 17-45% slopes Natchez silt loam; 17-45% slopes	Basswood, American Cherry, black Oak, cherrybark Oak, southern red Oak, water Oak, white Pine, loblolly Pine, shortleaf Sweetgum Sycamore, American Tupelo, black Walnut, black	- 90 - 90 - 90 80 90 - -	Oak, cherrybark 1/ Pine, loblolly Sweetgum 1/ Yellow-poplar 1/

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^{1/} Plant hardwoods only on uneroded sites.

		Productivity	·	Species
Woodland Suitability Group (Symbol and Description)	Soils	Tree Species	Site Class	Suitability for Planting
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
2w8 Seasonally wet soils with high potential productivity; moderate equipment limitations and slight to moderate seedling mortality; suitable for southern hardwoods and/or pines.	Bude silt loam 0-5% slopes Calloway silt loam 0-2% slopes Falkner silt loam 0-8% slopes Olivier silt loam 0-5% slopes Tippo silt loam; 0-2% slopes	Pine, loblolly	90 - 90 - 90 80 90 -	Oak, cherrybark Oak, Shumard Oak, water Pine, loblolly Pine, shortleaf Sweetgum
Excessively wet soils with high potential productivity; severe equipment limitations and moderate to severe seedling mortality; suitable for water-tolerant nardwoods or pines.	Rosebloom silt loam; 0-5% slopes Waverly silt loam; 0-2% slopes	Ash, green Cottonwood, eastern Elms, American and slippery Hackberry and sugarberry Honeylocust Magnolia, southern Maple, red Oak, cherrybark Oak, Nuttall Oak, overcup Oak, Shumard Oak, water Oak, white Oak, willow Persimmon, common Pine, loblolly Pine, shortleaf Sweetgum Yellow-poplar	90 100 - - - 90 100 - - 90 - 80 - 90 80 90	Ash, green Baldcypress Cottonwood, eastern Oak, cherrybark Oak, Nuttall Oak, swamp chestnut Oak, water Oak, willow Sweetgum Sycamore, American Tupelo, water Pine, loblolly
807 Soils with moderately high productivity; no serious management problems; suitable for southern hardwoods and/or pines.	Grenada silt loam, 0-17% slopes Lax silt loam, 0-17% slopes Lexington silt loam, 0-17% slopes Loring silt loam, 0-17% slopes Paden silt loam, 0-5% slopes Providence silt loam, 0-17% slopes Tippah silt loam; 0-17% slopes	Oak, cherrybark Oak, southern red Oak, swamp chestnut Oak, water Oak, white Pine, loblolly Pine, shortleaf Sweetgum Yellow-poplar	90 80 - 80 - 80 - 80 70 80	Oak, cherrybark Oak, Shumard Oak, water Oak, white Pine, loblolly Pine, shortleaf Sweetgum
moderately wet soils with moderately high potential productivity; severe equipment limitations and moderate to severe seedling mortality; suitable for water-tolerant hard-woods or pines.	Calhoun silt loam; 0-2% slopes Frost silt loam; 0-2% slopes Henry silt loam; 0-2% slopes	Oak, cherrybark Oak, southern red Oak, water Oak, white Pine, loblolly Pine, shortleaf Sweetgum Tupelos Yellow-poplar	80 - 80 - 80 70 80 -	Oak, cherrybark Oak, Shumard Pine, loblolly Sweetgum



